IATI History in the making

**September 2008**
IATI is launched at the Third High Level Forum on Aid Effectiveness in Accra, Ghana. Nine donor governments together with the European Commission, World Bank, UNDP, GAVI and the Hewlett Foundation are the first to commit to the initiative by signing the IATI Accra Statement.

**June - September 2009**
UNDP hosts 6 regional consultation meetings involving 74 partner country governments to identify their key aid information needs to inform the development of the IATI Standard.

**January 2011**
DFID is the first organisation to publish data to IATI’s newly-developed data Standard.

**February 2011**
Members formally agree the first version of the IATI Standard, establishing a set of international rules for publishing useful development data. The primary goal is to meet the information needs of stakeholders in developing countries.

**August 2011**
The Prime Minister of Madagascar announces that his country will endorse IATI, joining the initiative.

**November 2011**
The Busan High Level Forum is a major milestone for IATI: the outcome document agrees to implement a “common standard”, which includes OECD-DAC reporting systems and the IATI Standard. Two major donor governments, Canada and the United States, announce their intention to join IATI as signatories.

**December 2011**
The Democratic Republic of the Congo pilots the automatic import of IATI data into their aid information management system, saving valuable time previously spent manually entering aid data.

**February 2013**
The 100th organisation publishes their data to IATI.

**November 2013**
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**June 2015**
The outcome document from the Financing for Development Conference in Addis Ababa recognises the essential nature of transparency in funding Agenda 2030 and learning from existing transparency initiatives and open data standards, specifically naming IATI.

**December 2015**
IATI Standard version 2.02 is released. New features focus on improving data published to IATI on humanitarian financing and reporting on the Sustainable Development Goals.

**December 2016**
The 500th organisation publishes their data to IATI.

**February 2016**
IATI increases in size to 90 members, representing donor and partner governments, multilaterals, foundations, private sector and civil society organisations.

**April 2016**
The Netherlands is the second government (after the UK) to introduce mandatory rules for organisations receiving funds to report their spending to IATI.

**September 2017**
Guinea becomes the 30th partner country to join IATI as a member.

**March 2018**
The number of activities reported to IATI exceeds one million since the first publication in 2011.

**September 2018**
IATI celebrates its 10-year anniversary with a side event at the UN General Assembly entitled “10 years of IATI: Retrospectives and future trends on data, transparency and open governance”. 