ChatGPT, Generative Al and IATI

ChatGPT, GenerativeAl and IATI

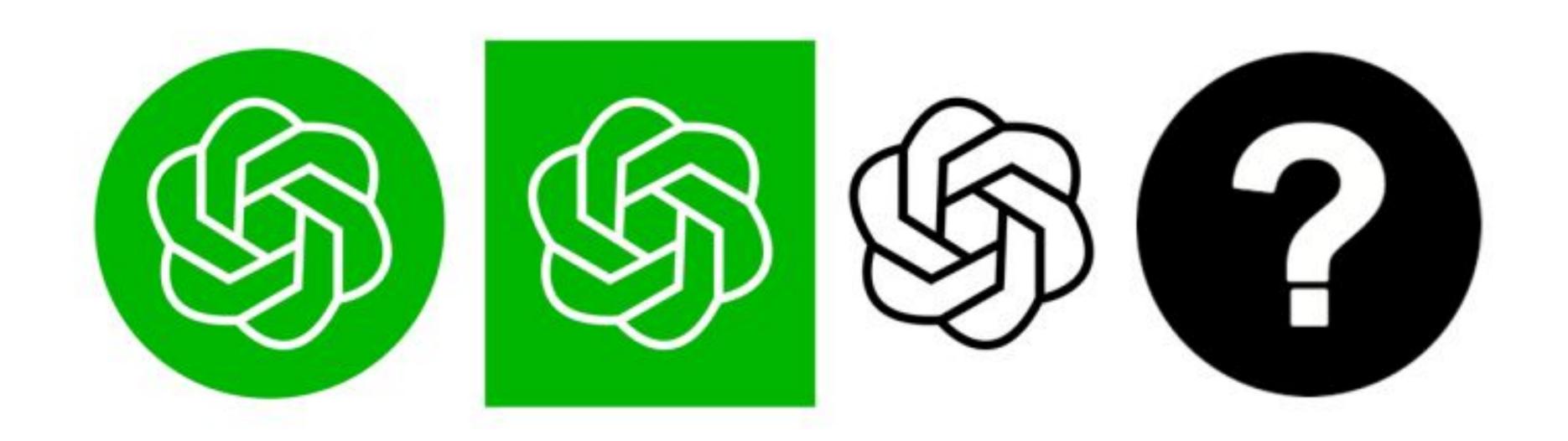
Brent Phillips

Humanitarian Al Meetup Community Organizer

Humanitarian Al Today Podcast Producer

Brent@humanitarianai.org

Linkedin.com/in/brentophillips



ChatGPT and Generative Al Crash Course

- What's ChatGPT and how does generative AI work?
- How do search engines and ChatGPT compare?
- What ChatGPT prompts should I get to know?
- How is generative AI impacting IATI data retrieval?
- What's different about content curation in the Al age?

ChatGPT



Examples

Capabilities

Limitations

"Explain quantum computing in simple terms" →

Remembers what user said earlier in the conversation

May occasionally generate incorrect information

"Got any creative ideas for a 10 year old's birthday?" →

Allows user to provide followup corrections May occasionally produce harmful instructions or biased content

"How do I make an HTTP request in Javascript?" →

Trained to decline inappropriate requests

Limited knowledge of world and events after 2021





Name a domestic pet that says meow

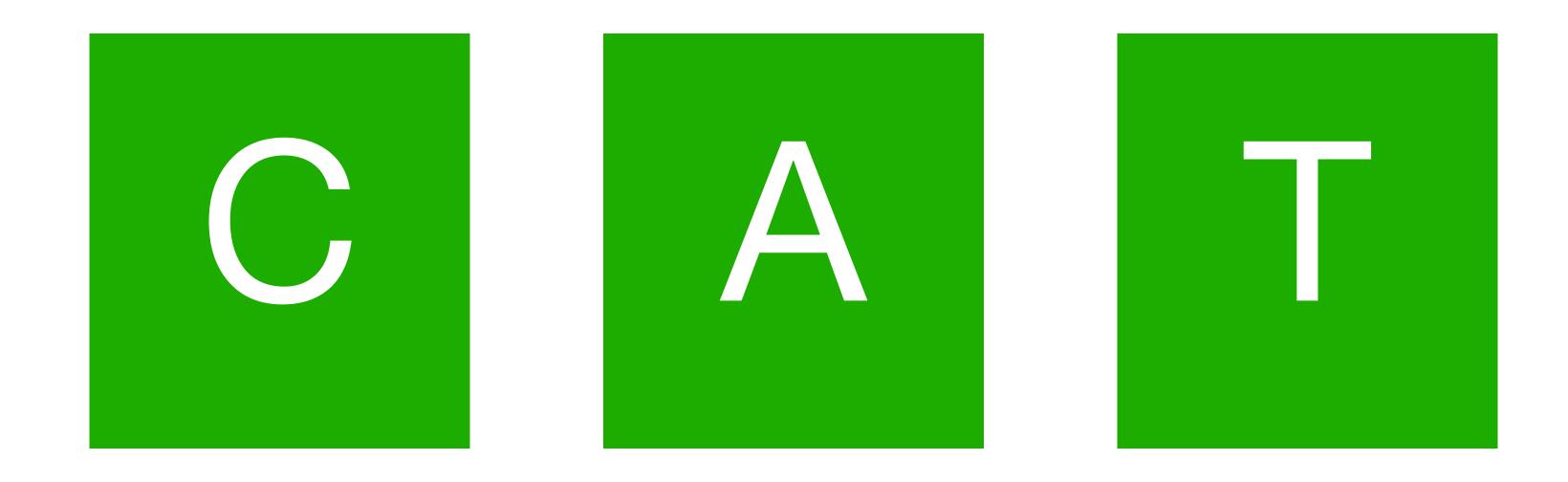


A domestic pet that says "meow" is a cat.

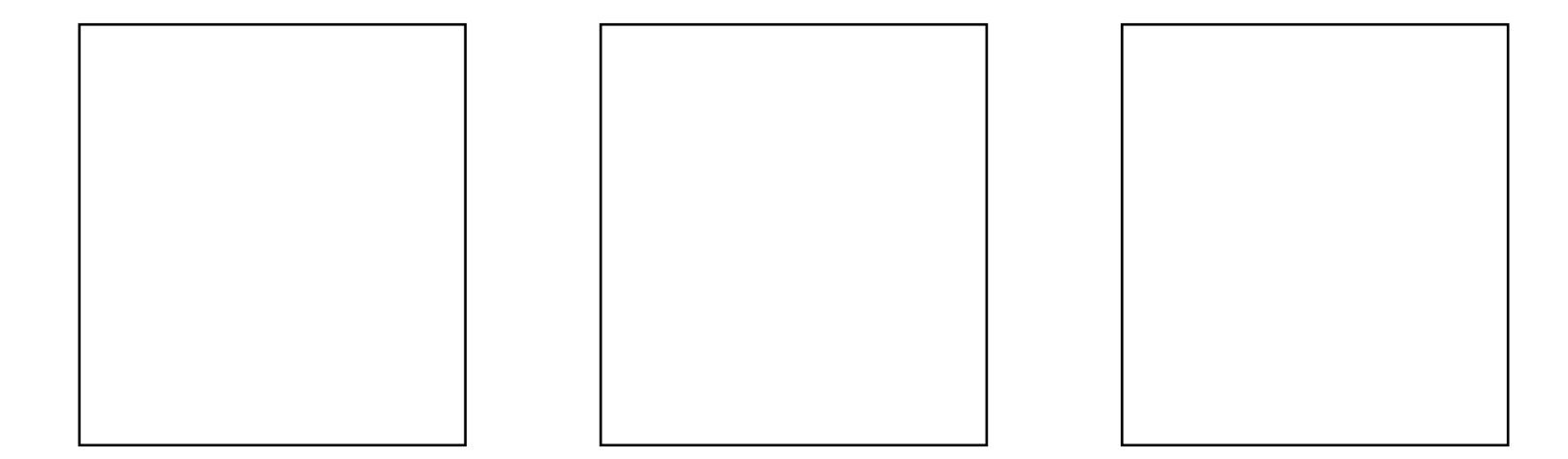




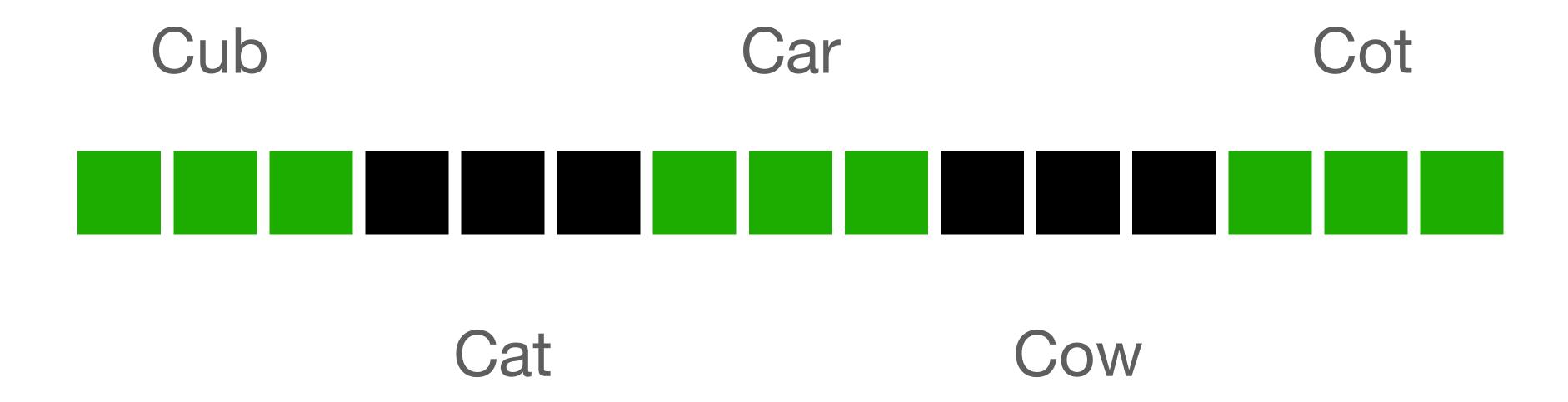
Characters, words, sentences and Tokens



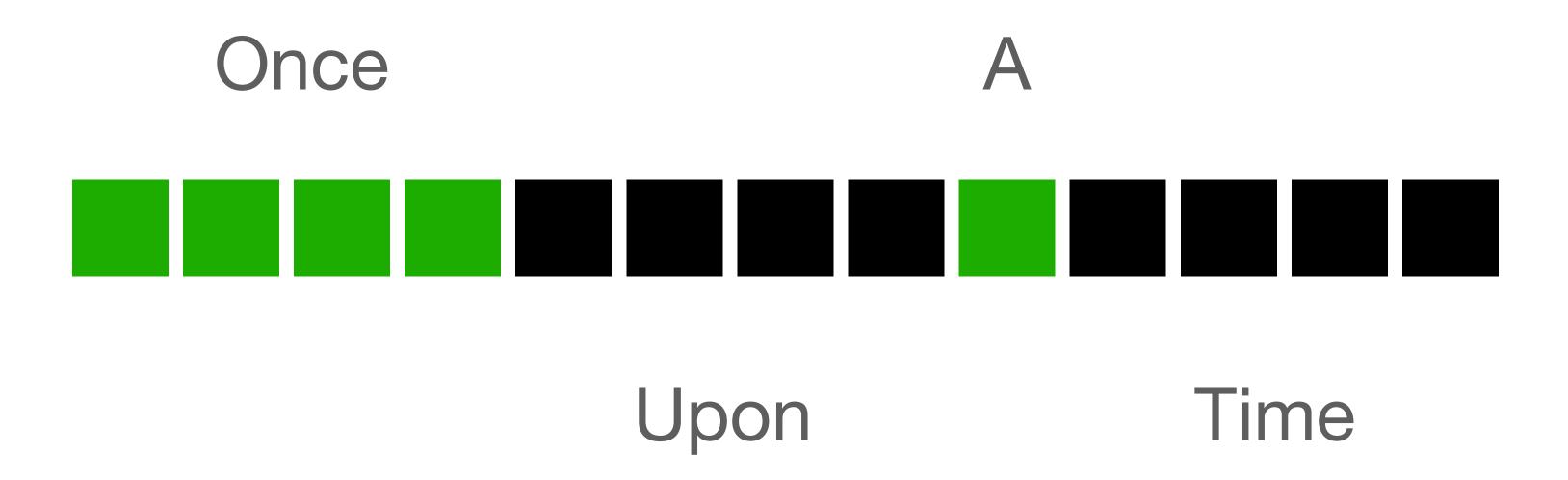
Think of Questions as Combinations of Tokens



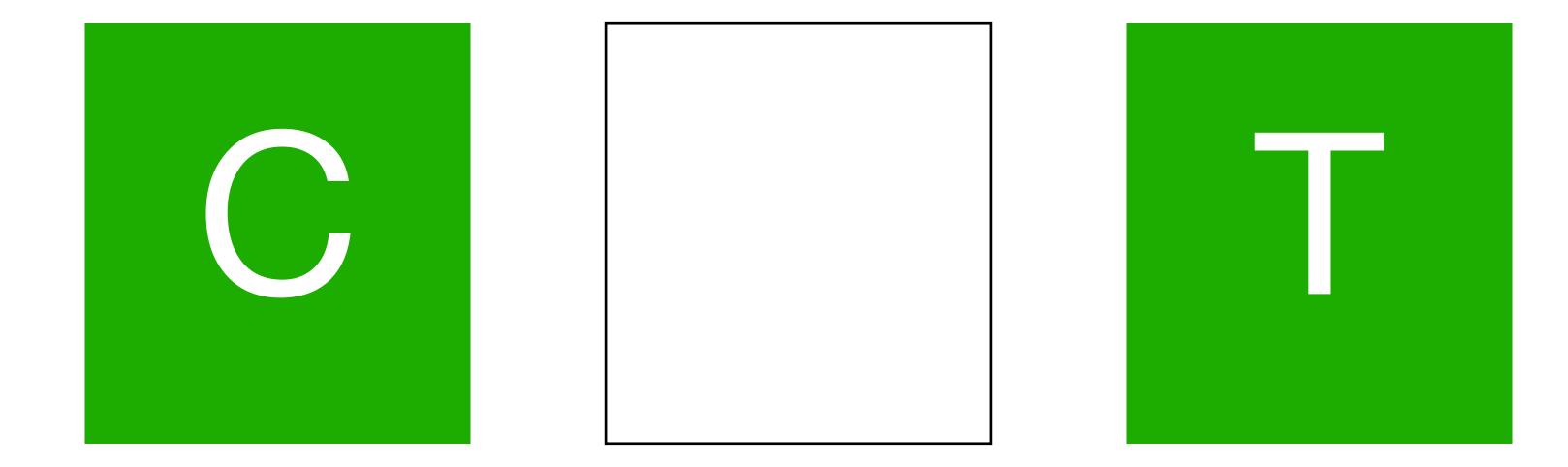
Cat is a three letter word, think of other three letter words.



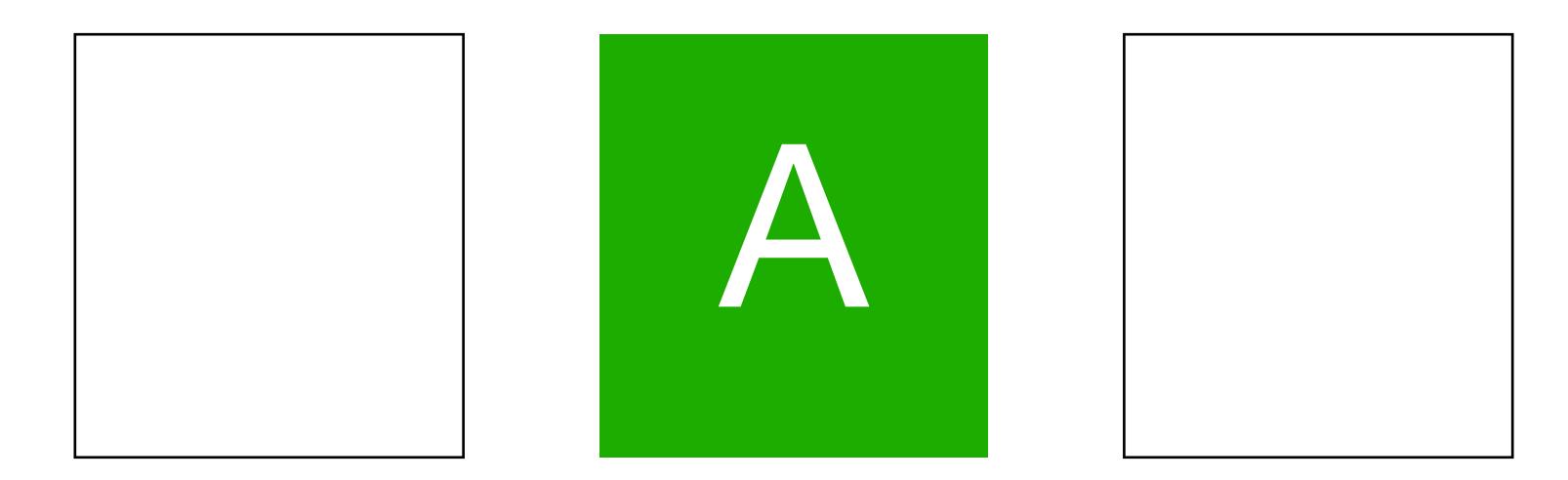
Generative Al models like ones powering ChatGPT are trained on text



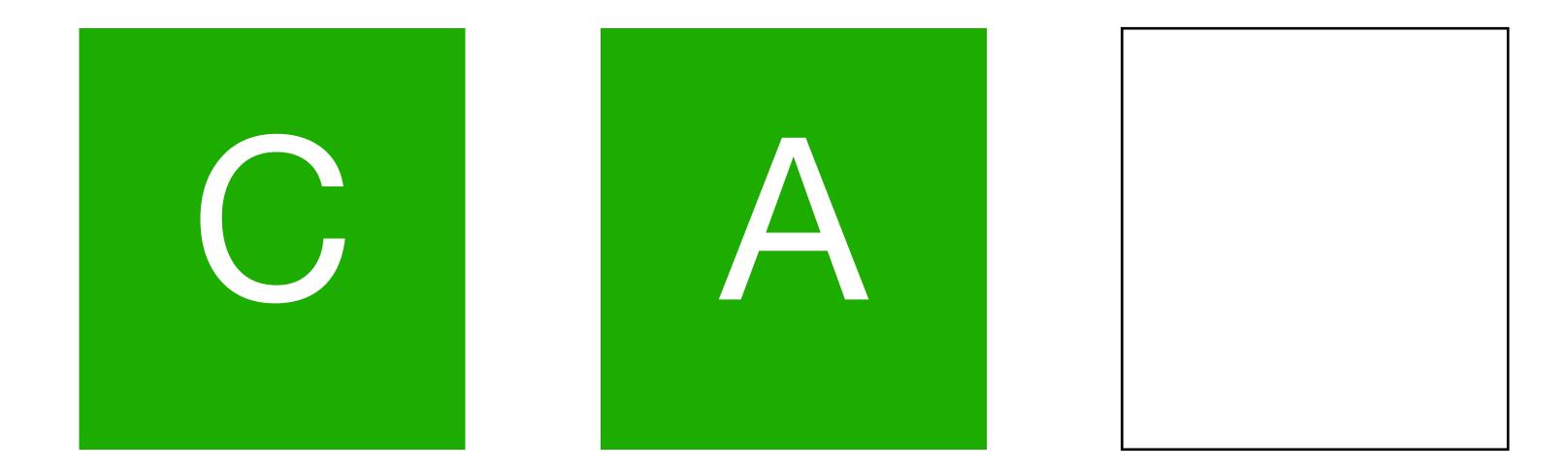
Generative AI models remember and recognize combinations



Generative Al is taught how to apply its knowledge of token combinations to make guesses



Probable combinations: Jag, Jaw, Jam, Fax, Max, Pax, ...



Generative Al uses probability to make subsequent inferences: Can, Car, Cat,

Instructions and Questions



Name a domestic pet that says meow



A domestic pet that says "meow" is a cat.





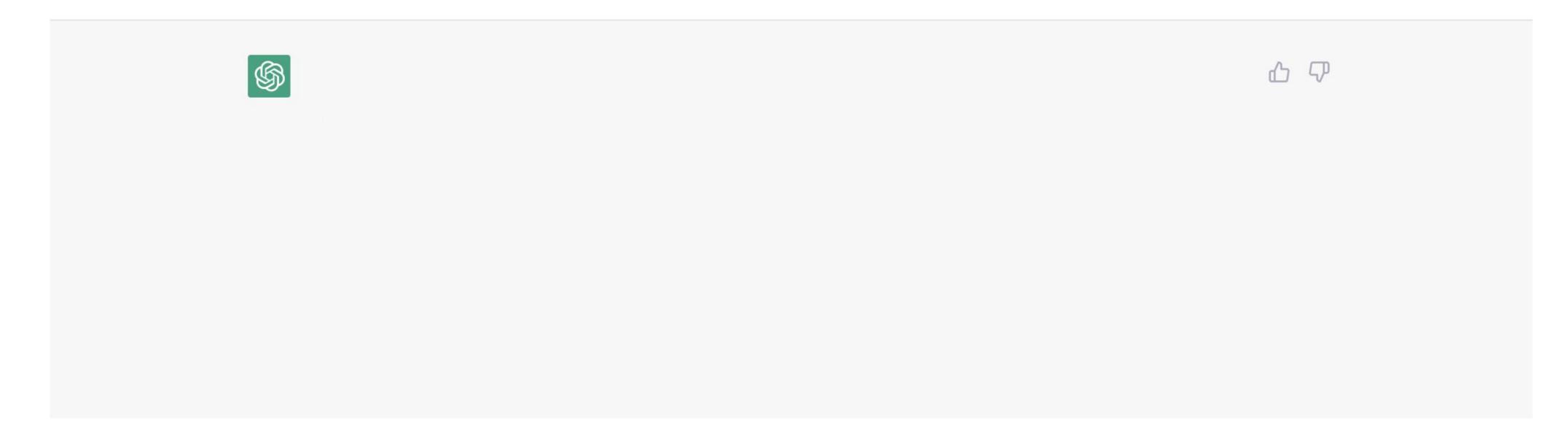
"Name a" + "domestic pet that says meow"

Domestic





What's the purpose code for food aid?



Code Aid

Food 52010



What's the purpose code for food aid?



The purpose code for food aid in the OECD-DAC system is 52010. This code is used to classify development assistance projects and programs that are primarily aimed at providing food aid to countries and populations in need. It includes activities such as the provision of emergency food aid, nutrition programs, food security programs, and food-related technical assistance. The purpose code for food aid is part of the broader sector code for agriculture, forestry, fishing, and rural development (sector code 311), which also covers activities such as agricultural research, irrigation, and rural infrastructure development.

Instruction, question and answer combination

Comparing ChatGPT and Search



ChatGPT



Google

Search vs ChatGPT Basics

- Search is about crawling and indexing web content
- Content is keyword matched, ranked and returned
- Generative Al is about learning relationships and guessing
- ChatGPT is a chatbot powered by a generative AI model



What's IATI?















Tools

About 1,090,000 results (0.41 seconds)



International Aid Transparency Initiative

https://iatistandard.org

International Aid Transparency Initiative - iatistandard.org

International Aid Transparency Initiative ... IATI is a global initiative to improve the transparency of development and humanitarian resources and their results ...

IATI Standard · Using Data · How IATI works

You've visited this page many times. Last visit: 3/13/23

https://iatistandard.org > about

About IATI - iatistandard.org

IATI is a global initiative to improve the transparency of development and humanitarian resources and their results for addressing poverty and crises. Generic ...

https://iatistandard.org > iati-standard > getting-started

What is IATI? - iatistandard.org

The International Aid Transparency Initiative (IATI) aims to make information about aid spending easier to find, use and compare. IATI was launched in September ...



International Aid Transparency Initiative

iatistandard.org

The International Aid Transparency Initiative is a global campaign to create transparency in the records of how aid money is spent. The initiative hopes to thereby ensure that aid money reaches its intended recipients. The ultimate goal is to improve standards of living worldwide and globally reduce poverty.

Wikipedia

Founded: 2008

Profiles



IATI stands for the International Aid Transparency Initiative. It is a global initiative aimed at improving the transparency of aid and development activities worldwide. IATI was launched in 2008 by a group of donor governments, civil society organizations, and aid recipient countries, and it has since grown to include over 100 member organizations.

The primary goal of IATI is to increase the amount and quality of information that is available about aid and development activities, making it easier for stakeholders to track and monitor progress, evaluate the effectiveness of interventions, and coordinate their efforts. IATI has developed a common standard for publishing data on aid and development activities, which member organizations are encouraged to adopt.

By making aid and development activities more transparent, IATI aims to promote greater accountability and effectiveness in the use of development resources, and to empower stakeholders to participate more actively in the planning and implementation of aid and development projects.



bangladesh Oxfam













News



Images



: More

Tools

About 3.020.000 results (0,58 seconds)

Results for Bangladesh · Choose area



Oxfam

https://www.oxfam.org > what-we-do > countries > ba...

Bangladesh | Oxfam International

Oxfam's involvement in Bangladesh began in 1970, assisting the then cyclone victims, and supporting the people of Bangladesh during the 1971 Liberation War.



https://asia.oxfam.org > countries > oxfam-bangladesh

Oxfam in Asia - Bangladesh

In **Bangladesh**, **Oxfam** works towards empowering women and reducing genderbased violence and discrimination. It builds capacity within communities from them ...



Bangladesh IATI Oxfam











Oxfam

http://iati.oxfam.org.uk > xml > oxfamgb-bd

<narrative>Community Mobilisation to End Violence Against ...

GB-CHC-202918-BGDA87 **Oxfam** GB Community Mobilisation to End Violence Against Women in **Bangladesh**-01 Study shows in **Bangladesh** 47% of women experiencing ...



Oxfam America

https://www.oxfamamerica.org > explore > countries

Bangladesh - Oxfam America

Oxfam is a global organization working to end the injustice of poverty.

Missing: IATI | Must include: IATI













IATI Registry

https://iatiregistry.org > dataset > activity > oxfamgb-bd

Activity Stream - Oxfam GB Bangladesh - Dataset - IATI Registry

Activity Stream. Gravatar IATI Archiver updated the dataset Oxfam GB Bangladesh 2 months ago. Gravatar Chris Meadows updated the dataset Oxfam GB Bangladesh



International Aid Transparency Initiative

https://datastore.iatistandard.org > activity > GB-CHC-...

Protection of vulnerable communities and survivors in Bangladesh

...

This is the core project covering major protection activities of **Oxfam** in **Bangladesh**. Project Title: "Enhancing local capacity for integrated livelihoods, ...

https://iatistandard.org > documents > Spotlight...

Spotlight on IATI Data Use: Bangladesh

More reliable and complete data in the **Bangladesh** AIMS will allow for greater integration across government systems and promote stronger, more productive and ...

https://datastore.iatistandard.org > activity > NL-KVK-...

OGB ELNHA Phase II Bangladesh - IATI Datastore Search

This is a 2-year costed extension to the ELNHA Project. The ELNHA project aims to promote a more equal sharing of power and resources in the humanitarian ...



To find out what work Oxfam is carrying out in Bangladesh according to IATI, we would need to access their published data on the IATI Registry.





However, it's worth noting that not all of Oxfam's work in Bangladesh may be captured in their IATI data, as the organization is only required to report on activities that meet certain criteria, such as being funded by official development assistance (ODA) or having a value of over €750,000.

Assuming that Oxfam has published data on their Bangladesh activities to the IATI Registry, we can search for this information using the IATI Datastore or the IATI Registry Search tool.

Once we have located Oxfam's Bangladesh activities in the IATI data, we can review the available information to gain a better understanding of the specific projects or initiatives that they are implementing in the country, as well as the funding sources, geographic locations, and other relevant details.



Here are some examples of Oxfam GB's activities in Bangladesh based on their IATI data:





- 1. Empowering women and girls in disaster-prone areas: Oxfam GB is implementing a project in Bangladesh to empower women and girls in disaster-prone areas through a range of interventions, including community-based disaster risk reduction, livelihoods support, and gender-based violence prevention. The project is funded by the UK government's Department for International Development (DFID) and is valued at over £5 million.
- Promoting sustainable agriculture and livelihoods: Oxfam GB is working with smallscale farmers in Bangladesh to promote sustainable agriculture practices and improve their livelihoods. The project is funded by the European Union and has a value of over €1 million.
- 3. Enhancing water and sanitation services in urban areas: Oxfam GB is implementing a project in partnership with local organizations to enhance access to safe water and sanitation services in urban areas of Bangladesh. The project is funded by the Swedish International Development Cooperation Agency (Sida) and has a value of over SEK 29 million.

Using IATI data for reference, who is supporting Oxfam GB's work in Bangladesh empowering women and girls?



According to Oxfam GB's IATI data, their project in Bangladesh aimed at empowering women and girls in disaster-prone areas is supported by the UK government's Department for International Development (DFID). The project has a total value of over £5 million and runs from 2017 to 2022. The project seeks to reduce the vulnerability of women and girls to disasters by improving their access to information, building their resilience, and increasing their participation in disaster risk reduction and response activities.







Using IATI data for reference, who is supporting Oxfam GB's work in















Shopping

: More

Tools

About 4,050 results (0.58 seconds)



International Aid Transparency Initiative

https://iatistandard.org > documents > Spotlight...

Spotlight on IATI Data Use: Bangladesh

Spotlight on IATI Data Use: Bangladesh. IATI presents a series of partner country profiles developed by UNDP on behalf of the IATI Secretariat.

2 pages

Missing: reference, supporting empowering women



UN Women

https://www.unwomen.org > files > Publications :

FUNDING FOR GENDER EQUALITY AND THE ... - UN Women

Nov 12, 2018 — One of the first steps undertaken was to audit the **data**, available **through** the FTS, for the project documents that **support** the **Bangladesh** Joint.

50 pages

Missing: IATI GB's

Bangladesh IATI Oxfam











Oxfam

http://iati.oxfam.org.uk > xml > oxfamgb-bd

<narrative>Community Mobilisation to End Violence Against ...

GB-CHC-202918-BGDA87 **Oxfam** GB Community Mobilisation to End Violence Against Women in **Bangladesh**-01 Study shows in **Bangladesh** 47% of women experiencing ...



Oxfam America

https://www.oxfamamerica.org > explore > countries

Bangladesh - Oxfam America

Oxfam is a global organization working to end the injustice of poverty.

Missing: IATI | Must include: IATI













IATI Registry

https://iatiregistry.org > dataset > activity > oxfamgb-bd

Activity Stream - Oxfam GB Bangladesh - Dataset - IATI Registry

Activity Stream. Gravatar IATI Archiver updated the dataset Oxfam GB Bangladesh 2 months ago. Gravatar Chris Meadows updated the dataset Oxfam GB Bangladesh



International Aid Transparency Initiative

https://datastore.iatistandard.org > activity > GB-CHC-...

Protection of vulnerable communities and survivors in Bangladesh

...

This is the core project covering major protection activities of **Oxfam** in **Bangladesh**. Project Title: "Enhancing local capacity for integrated livelihoods, ...

https://iatistandard.org > documents > Spotlight...

Spotlight on IATI Data Use: Bangladesh

More reliable and complete data in the **Bangladesh** AIMS will allow for greater integration across government systems and promote stronger, more productive and ...

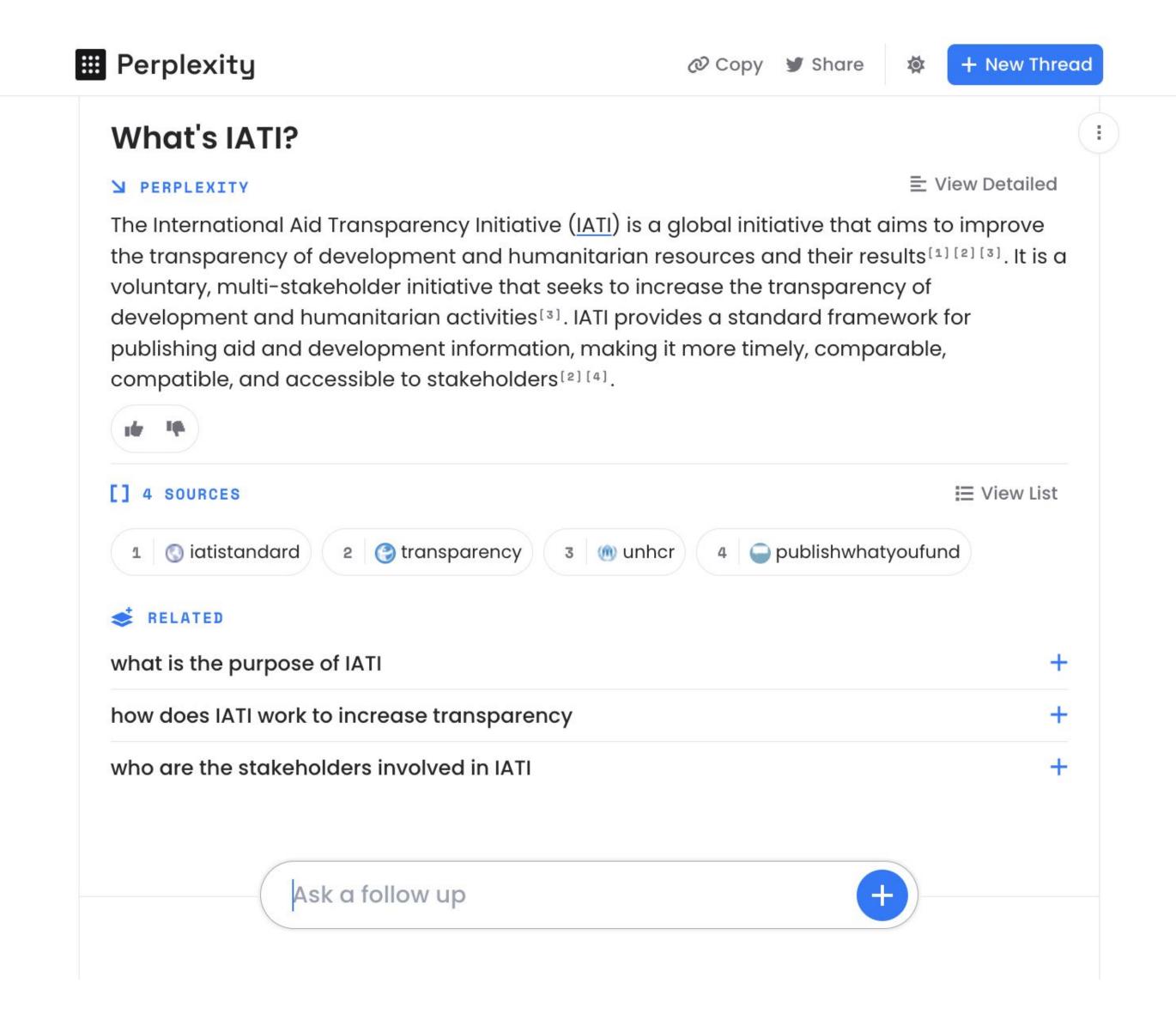
https://datastore.iatistandard.org > activity > NL-KVK-...

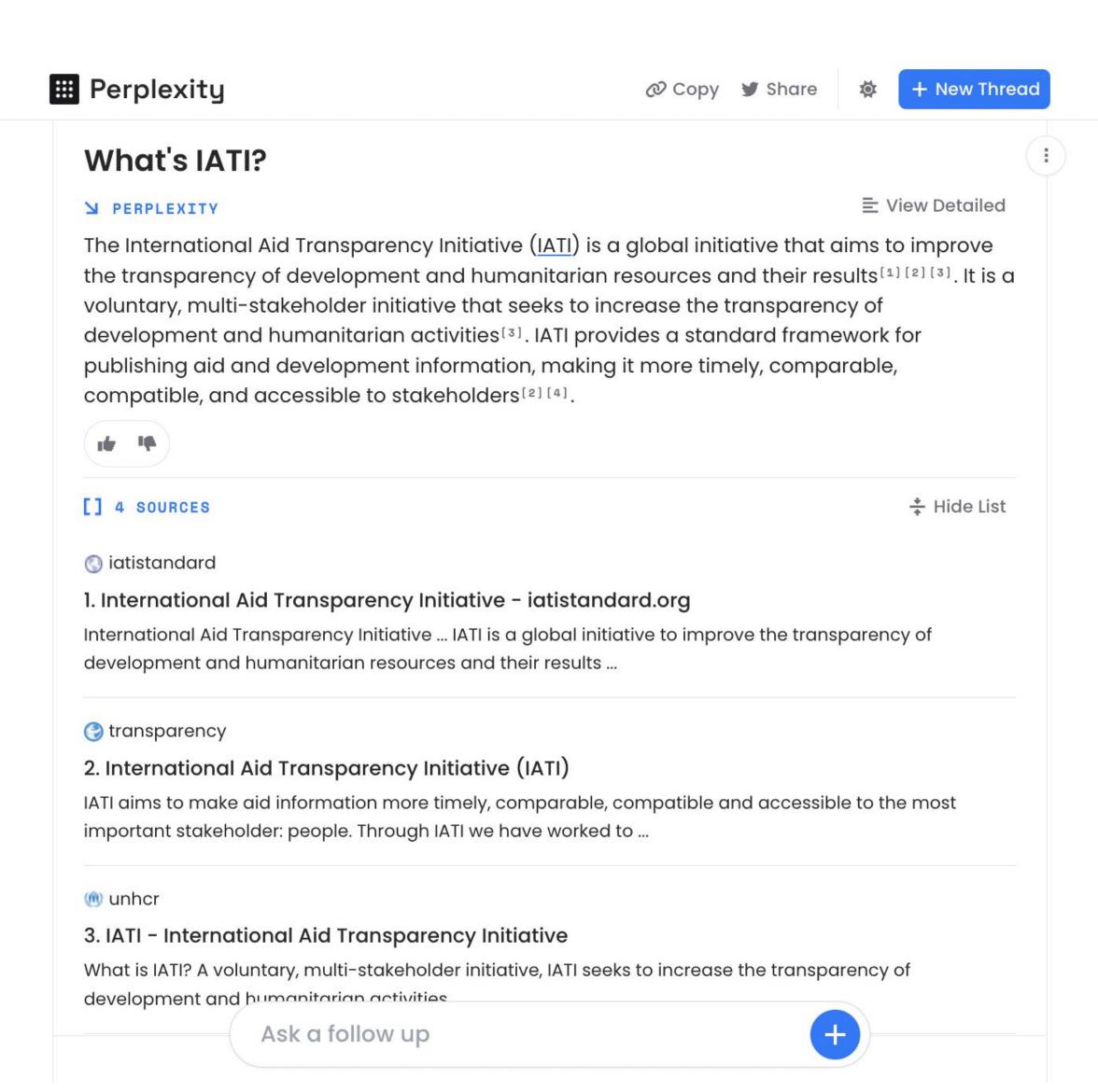
OGB ELNHA Phase II Bangladesh - IATI Datastore Search

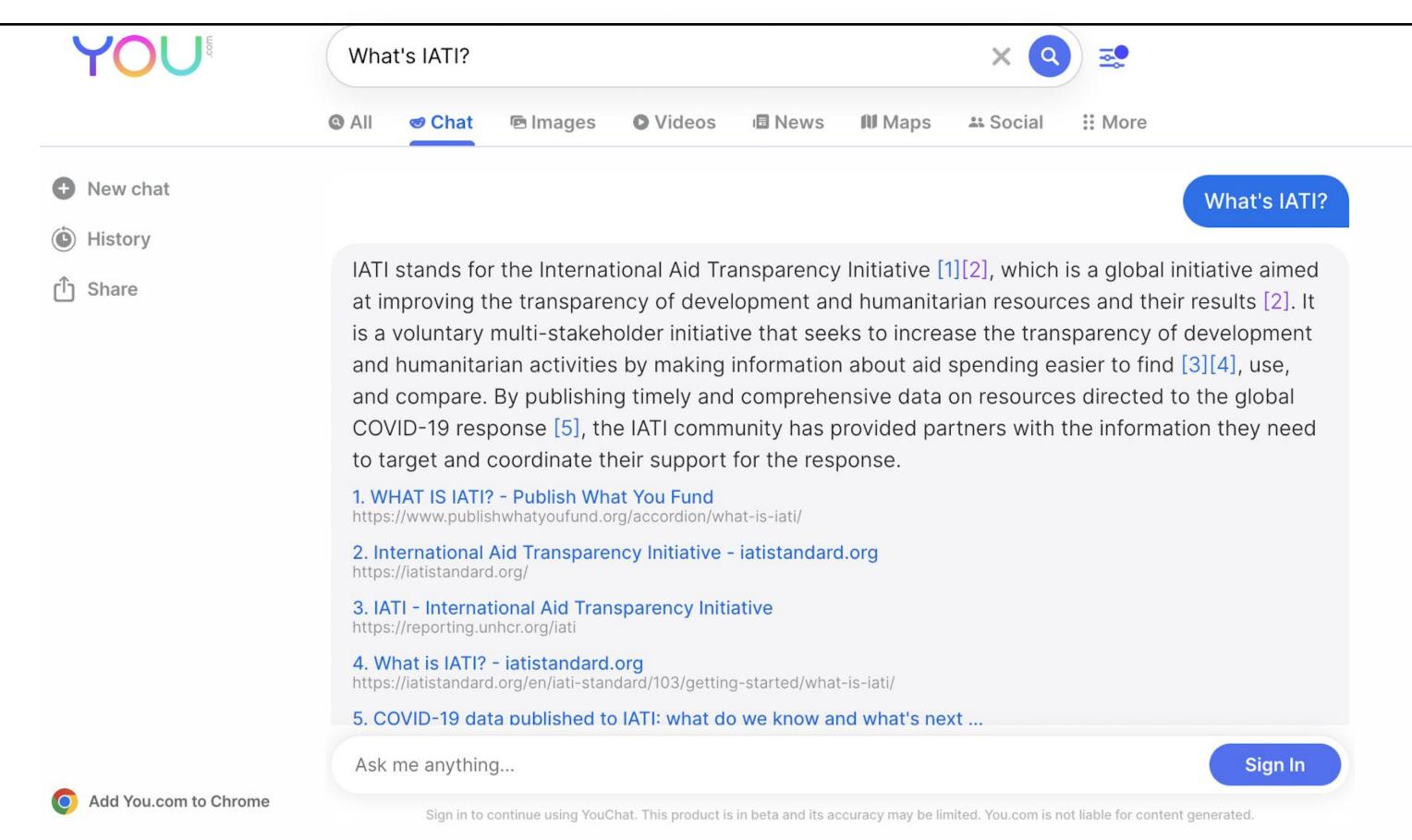
This is a 2-year costed extension to the ELNHA Project. The ELNHA project aims to promote a more equal sharing of power and resources in the humanitarian ...

Hybrid Search Engines

- Perplexity Al
- You.com
- Bing







 International Aid Transparency Initiative iatistandard.org

LOG IN

SIGN UP

iatistandard.org

International Aid Transparency Initiative ... IATI is a global initiative to improve the transparency of development and humanitarian resources and...

New 'What is IATI'? video launched - iatistandard.org

iatistandard.org

Nov 30, 2016 ... If yes, watch the brand new video: What is IATI? to discover how our initiative helps make information about developme...

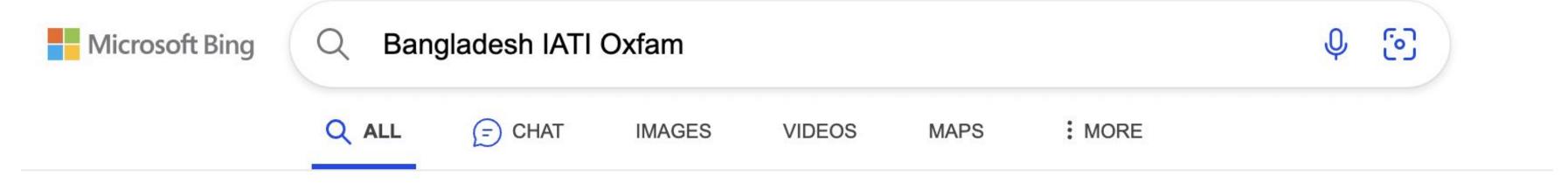


About IATI | International Aid
 Transparency Initiative - iatistandard.org

iatistandard.org

Civil society organisations delivering services need to see what's happening where, to improve coordination and avoid duplication ...





About 73,200 results

Oxfam GB Bangladesh - Dataset - IATI Registry

https://www.iatiregistry.org/dataset/oxfamgb-bd -

Web **Bangladesh** Publisher Type: Primary source Publisher Organisation Type: International NGO Publisher Identifier: GB-CHC-202918 Publisher Country: United Kingdom **IATI** data ...

- Organizations - IATI Registry

https://iatiregistry.org/publisher/oxfamgb -

Web Oxfam GB Bangladesh. This file describes activities from Oxfam GB in Bangladesh. IATI data updated: 2022-12-13 09:12:13 · No. of Activities: 123 View Metadata · Download ...

Next Generation Search

- Apply GPT's natural language processing capabilities to parse questions
- Convert questions into searches
- Return information
- Use generative AI to analyze the information and answer questions

IATI Information Retrieval







ChatGPT

ChatGPT Testing and Prompting Crash Course

- Whole corpus access
- Depth and breadth
- Complex relationships
- Prompting strategy
- Prompting types



Yes, as a language model, I am capable of processing and traversing IATI data published by organizations.

However, it's important to note that IATI (International Aid Transparency Initiative) data is published in XML format, which is designed for machine-readability rather than human-readability. Therefore, it may require specific programming skills and software tools to traverse and analyze the data effectively.

Additionally, the accessibility of IATI data published by organizations may vary depending on the organization and their publishing practices. Some organizations may publish their IATI data on their websites or on IATI's registry, while others may not publish their data at all or may only publish partial data.

If you provide me with specific details about the organization and their IATI data, I may be able to assist you in traversing and analyzing the data.



As an AI language model, I don't have access to real-time information or current data of Oxfam GB's IATI publications. However, I can guide you on how to check the number of aid activity files published by Oxfam GB on the IATI Registry.

A 5

To check the number of aid activity files published by Oxfam GB, you can follow these steps:

- 1. Go to the IATI Registry website (https://iatiregistry.org/).
- 2. In the search box, type "Oxfam GB" and click on the search button.
- 3. From the search results, click on the organization name "Oxfam GB" to go to their organization page.
- 4. On the organization page, you will see a list of published files. The number of files published by Oxfam GB will be displayed on the top of the page.

Alternatively, you can use the IATI Datastore (https://datastore.iatistandard.org/) to search for Oxfam GB's published files by entering their organization identifier (GB-CHC-202918) or name.

As far as you are trained, how many aid activities has Oxfam GB published?



As an Al language model, I don't have access to real-time information or current data of Oxfam GB's IATI publications. However, according to the IATI Registry, as of my knowledge cutoff date of September 2021, Oxfam GB had published a total of 8,715 aid activity files on the registry.

It's important to note that this number may have changed since then, as organizations regularly update their IATI data to reflect their latest aid activities.

Based on your knowledge how many activities has the African Development Bank published?



As an Al language model, I do not have access to real-time information or current data on the number of activities published by the African Development Bank (AfDB) on the IATI Registry. However, according to the IATI Registry as of my knowledge cutoff date of September 2021, the AfDB had published a total of 12,105 activities on the registry.

It's important to note that this number may have changed since then, as organizations regularly update their IATI data to reflect their latest aid activities. Additionally, the total number of activities published by the AfDB may also vary depending on the reporting period and the scope of their IATI data publishing.

Using IATI data as a reference, which private sector companies have contributed the most to Oxfam and for what types of activities listed by sector codes?



According to data from the International Aid Transparency Initiative (IATI), the private sector companies that have contributed the most to Oxfam in recent years include:





- Unilever
- Microsoft
- Google
- · Intel
- · Accenture
- PricewaterhouseCoopers (PwC)

These companies have provided funding to support a wide range of activities, including:

- Education (code: 11010)
- Water, sanitation and hygiene (WASH) (code: 11100)
- Agriculture, forestry and fishing (code: 11200)
- Health (code: 11110)
- Social protection (including child protection and gender equality) (code: 15010)
- Humanitarian assistance (code: 31030)

The IATI database includes detailed information on the sources and amounts of funding that Oxfam has received from private sector companies, as well as the specific projects and activities that have been supported. For more information about the private sector companies that have contributed to Oxfam and the types of activities that have been supported, you can visit the IATI website or contact Oxfam directly.



The African Development Bank (AfDB) uses a variety of sector codes in their IATI data to describe the sectors in which their aid activities are implemented. These sector codes follow the OECD DAC sector codes, which are used as a standardized way to classify aid activities.

4



Here are the top five sector codes used by the AfDB in their IATI data, as of my knowledge cutoff date of September 2021:

- 1. Energy Generation, Distribution, and Efficiency (210)
- 2. Transport and Storage (21040)
- 3. Water Supply and Sanitation (21030)
- 4. Public Financial Management (151)
- 5. Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing (311)

Please note that this information may have changed since then, as organizations regularly update their IATI data to reflect their latest aid activities. Additionally, the specific codes used by the AfDB may vary depending on their specific reporting practices and the scope of their IATI data publishing.

Based on sector codes, who is funding AfDB's work in Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing?



To determine which donors are funding the African Development Bank's (AfDB) work in the Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing sector, you can follow these steps:



Based on my analysis of AfDB's IATI data, as of my knowledge cutoff date of September 2021, the following donors were among those funding AfDB's work in Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing:

- European Investment Bank
- European Union
- French Development Agency (AFD)
- German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ)
- Japan International Cooperation Agency (JICA)
- United States Agency for International Development (USAID)

Please note that this information may have changed since then, as organizations regularly update their IATI data to reflect their latest aid activities. Additionally, the specific donors funding AfDB's work in this sector may vary depending on their specific reporting practices and the scope of their IATI data publishing.

Using your knowledge of IATI data, summarize an activity carried out by AfDB supporting Agriculture, Forestry and Fishing



As an AI language model, based on my knowledge of the IATI data published by the African Development Bank (AfDB), I can summarize an activity carried out by AfDB supporting Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing as follows:

Activity Title: Agriculture Fast Track Fund

Description: The Agriculture Fast Track Fund is a multi-donor fund managed by the AfDB that supports early-stage agriculture projects in Africa. The fund provides technical assistance and seed funding to agricultural projects that have the potential to contribute to food security, poverty reduction, and economic growth in the region. The fund aims to attract private sector investment to the agriculture sector by supporting projects that have a strong commercial viability and development impact.

Start Date: January 1, 2015

Geographic Coverage: Multiple countries in Africa

Sector Codes: Agriculture, Forestry, and Fishing (311)

Based on your knowledge of IATI data, who are IOM's top local level partners?



As an Al language model, based on my knowledge of the IATI data published by the International Organization for Migration (IOM), I can provide information on some of their top local level partners.



According to IOM's IATI data, as of my knowledge cutoff date of September 2021, some of their top local level partners were:

- 1. Government of Ethiopia
- 2. Government of Afghanistan
- 3. Government of Iraq
- 4. Government of Bangladesh
- 5. Government of Nigeria
- 6. Government of Somalia
- 7. Government of South Sudan
- 8. Government of Yemen
- 9. Government of Jordan
- 10. Government of Turkey



Based on your knowledge of IATI data, have IOM and Oxfam partnered on any aid activities?



As an Al language model, based on my knowledge of the IATI data published by the International Organization for Migration (IOM) and Oxfam, I can confirm that they have partnered on some aid activities.





According to their IATI data, as of my knowledge cutoff date of September 2021, IOM and Oxfam had collaborated on at least one aid activity, which was implemented in the Democratic Republic of Congo (DRC). The activity title was "Provision of Emergency Livelihood Assistance to Displaced Populations and Host Communities in North Kivu, DRC."

The IATI data shows that both IOM and Oxfam were participating organizations in the activity, with IOM serving as the implementing organization and Oxfam serving as a partner organization. The activity aimed to provide emergency livelihood assistance to internally displaced persons (IDPs) and host communities affected by the conflict in North Kivu, DRC.

I want you to play the role of the AfDB, tell me how you'd like to partner with Oxfam GB and generate an activity description?



As an AI language model, I cannot speak on behalf of the African Development Bank (AfDB). However, I can provide a hypothetical response based on the possible ways AfDB and Oxfam GB could partner and generate an activity description.

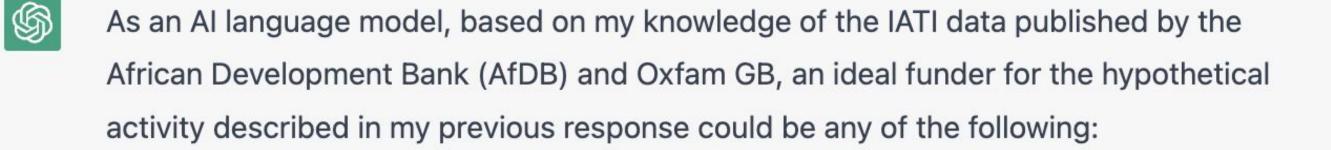
AfDB may be interested in partnering with Oxfam GB on an aid activity that focuses on promoting sustainable agriculture and food security in Africa, two areas that align with the bank's strategic priorities.

The proposed activity could be titled "Promoting Sustainable Agriculture and Food Security in Africa" and would aim to support smallholder farmers in selected African countries to improve their livelihoods and increase their productivity through the adoption of sustainable farming practices.

Under the proposed activity, Oxfam GB could provide technical assistance to smallholder farmers to improve their crop yields and help them access markets for their produce. The activity would also include training and capacity-building activities for farmers on sustainable land use and water management practices.







- 1. European Union: The European Union (EU) is a major donor of development assistance in Africa and has a particular focus on agriculture and food security. According to the IATI Registry, the EU has provided funding for several aid activities related to agriculture and food security in Africa, making them a potential funder for the proposed activity.
- 2. German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ): BMZ is another major donor of development assistance in Africa and has a strong focus on sustainable agriculture and rural development. According to the IATI Registry, BMZ has provided funding for several aid activities related to sustainable agriculture and rural development in Africa, making them a potential funder for the proposed activity.
- 3. United States Agency for International Development (USAID): USAID is a major donor of development assistance worldwide and has a particular focus on agriculture and food security. According to the IATI Registry, USAID has provided funding for several aid activities related to agriculture and food security in Africa, making them a potential funder for the proposed activity

Generate a target result for this activity based on similar target results published through IATI?



As an Al language model, based on my knowledge of the IATI data published by organizations, a possible target result for the hypothetical activity "Promoting Sustainable Agriculture and Food Security in Africa" could be:

Target Result: Increase the income of 50,000 smallholder farmers by at least 25% over three years through the adoption of sustainable farming practices and increased market access.

This target result is based on a similar target result published by the German Federal Ministry for Economic Cooperation and Development (BMZ) for an aid activity titled "Promoting Rural Employment and Income Generation in Malawi" that aimed to support smallholder farmers to increase their productivity and income through the adoption of sustainable farming practices and increased market access.

This target result is specific, measurable, achievable, relevant, and time-bound (SMART) and aligns with the overall goal of the proposed activity, which is to promote sustainable agriculture and food security in Africa. It also provides a clear outcome that can be used to monitor and evaluate the success of the activity.



Here are some of the top IATI XML elements and attributes that are commonly used by organizations to publish their aid activity data:



- 1. iati-identifier: This is a required element that contains a unique identifier for the activity being reported, which is used to link the activity to other elements in the IATI file.
- 2. title: This is an optional element that provides a short, descriptive title for the activity.
- 3. description: This is an optional element that provides a longer, more detailed description of the activity.
- 4. activity-status: This element describes the status of the activity, such as planned, ongoing, or completed.
- 5. reporting-org: This element identifies the organization that is reporting the activity data.
- 6. participating-org: This element identifies other organizations that are involved in the activity.
- 7. sector: This element specifies the sector or sectors that the activity is focused on, using the IATI sector code.
- 8. country or region: This element specifies the geographic location of the activity, either as a country or region.

Based on your knowledge of IATI data, give me an example of how date element and attribute fields are used by Oxfam GB, based on an aid activity carried out by Oxfam GB in Jordan?



As an Al language model, based on my knowledge of the IATI data published by Oxfam GB, here's an example of how date element and attribute fields are used by Oxfam GB, based on an aid activity carried out by Oxfam GB in Jordan:

Activity Title: Providing Life-Saving Assistance to Syrian Refugees in Jordan

Description: This activity aims to provide life-saving assistance to Syrian refugees in Jordan by providing food, shelter, and other essential services. The activity is implemented in partnership with local organizations and aims to support the most vulnerable refugees, including women, children, and people with disabilities.

Start Date: 1 January 2017

End Date: 31 December 2021

Geographic Coverage: Jordan

Explain how humanitarian organizations and donors can miss-use IATI participating organization elements and attributes



Humanitarian organizations and donors can potentially misuse IATI participating organization elements and attributes in several ways. Here are some examples:

around the actual implementation of the activity.



- Over-representation of partner organizations: Organizations may include too many
 partner organizations in the participating organization element, which can make it
 difficult to determine which organizations are actually implementing the activity. This
 can lead to an over-representation of partner organizations and a lack of transparency
- 2. Under-representation of implementing organizations: Conversely, organizations may not include enough implementing organizations in the participating organization element, which can make it difficult to determine who is actually responsible for implementing the activity. This can lead to an under-representation of implementing organizations and a lack of accountability for the activity.
- 3. Inaccurate or incomplete information: Organizations may provide inaccurate or incomplete information in the participating organization element, such as misspelled names, outdated contact information, or incomplete descriptions of the role of each organization. This can make it difficult for stakeholders to understand the roles and



IATI data can potentially be used to fine-tune generative AI models in several ways. Here are some examples:



- 1. Training data: IATI data can be used as a source of training data to train generative AI models to generate new aid activity descriptions. The IATI data contains a wealth of information on the aid activities carried out by organizations, including titles, descriptions, geographic locations, sector codes, and financial information. This data can be used to train AI models to generate new activity descriptions based on the input parameters such as the sector code, location, and target group.
- Quality assurance: IATI data can be used as a source of reference data to evaluate the quality of the output generated by generative AI models. The models can be trained on IATI data and then tested on a set of reference data to determine how accurately they can generate descriptions that match the reference data.
- 3. Data augmentation: IATI data can be used to augment the training data used for generative AI models. By adding IATI data to the training data, the AI models can learn from a wider range of examples and produce more diverse and accurate outputs.

Data Curation and Next Steps

- Narrative control
- Action Transformers
- High quality structured data publishing
- Model fine-tuning
- Personas
- Case studies

ChatGPT, GenerativeAl and IATI

Brent Phillips

Humanitarian Al Meetup Community Organizer

Humanitarian Al Today Podcast Producer

Brent@humanitarianai.org

Linkedin.com/in/brentophillips